20204



- 1. Electronic spectra of atoms and molecules are associated with radiation in
 - A) UV-Visible region B) Infrared region
 - C) Microwave region D) X-ray region
- 2. Which of the following is a **wrong** statement?
 - A) Every metal has a characteristic threshold frequency below which no electron will be ejected
 - B) The average energy per oscillator calculated by Max Planck for a black body was taken to be a constant.
 - C) The incoherent scattering of X-rays by a gas is called Compton effect.
 - D) According to Pauli principle, all electronic wave functions should be antisymmetric with respect to the interchange of electrons.
- 3. Which of the following transitions will give a line in the Lyman series?

A)	${}^{2}D_{1/2} \rightarrow {}^{2}S_{1/2}$	B)	${}^{2}F_{1/2} \rightarrow {}^{2}P_{1/2}$
C)	${}^{2}P_{\frac{1}{2}} \rightarrow {}^{2}P_{\frac{1}{2}}$	D)	$^{2}P_{1/2} \rightarrow ^{2}S_{1/2}$

4. Which of the following sets contain molecules all of which have the same bond order?

A)	CO, NO, O_2^+	B)	NO, N_2, O_2^+
C)	O_2^{2+}, NO, CO	D)	NO^{+}, O_{2}^{2+}, CO

- 5. The intermolecular forces existing between argon and water in argon hydrate is
 - A) ion-dipole B) dipole-dipole
 - C) dipole-induced dipole D) dispersion
- 6. Combination of C_{2z} and $\sigma_{V(xz)}$ generates
 - A) C_{2y} B) *i* C) $\sigma_{V(yz)}$ D) σ_{h}
- 7. The inverse element of S_3 is A) S_3^2 B) S_3^3 C) S_3^4 D) S_3^5

8. A one-dimensional irreducible representation antisymmetric to principal axis, symmetric to subsidiary axis and antisymmetric to centre of symmetry will be denoted as:

A)
$$B_{2u}$$
 B) A_{2u} C) B_{1u} D) A_{1u}

9. Identify the symmetric top molecules among the following: I. SO_2 II. BF_3 III. CO_{γ} IV. CH_3Cl A) I, III B) II, IV C) I, II, III D) II, III, IV

10.	I. II. III. IV.	The rotation The degener For a linear i	cule is n al select acy of a non-rigi	ot microwave tion rule for a rotational end d rotator, the	active diatomic ergy leve selection	el J is $2J + 1$ rule changes	to $\Delta J = 0$	
	A)	I, II	B)	I, III	C)	I, IV	D)	II, III
11.	The n A)	nucleus with ze ${}^{14}_{7}N$	-	among the fol ${}^{10}_{5}B$	lowing is C)		D)	³⁰ ₁₅ P
12.	The n A) B) C) D)	the M and M the molecul	I+2 peal I+1 peal ar ion p	nic bromine co ks of almost e ks of almost e eak with odd eak which wil	qual inte qual inte molecula	nsity nsity r mass		
13.	state.		und of	the element h	nas an in	ternal electric		3/2 in the excited ad subjected to an
	A)	6	B)	5	C)	7	D)	1
14.	The c A)	compound havi NaCl	ng a sin B)	nple cubic stru KCl	icture an C)	nong the follo CsCl	wing is: D)	ZnS
15.	Mate Lis	h the items in I st I	List I wi	th those in Lis List II	st II and	identify the co	orrect ma	tch.
		$\left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial S}\right)_{V}$		a) -S				
	II.	$\left(\frac{\partial H}{\partial P}\right)_{S}$		b) T				
	III.	$\left(\frac{\partial G}{\partial T}\right)_{P}$		c) -P				
	IV.	$\left(\frac{\partial A}{\partial V}\right)_T$		d) V				
	A) C)	I-b, II-c, III- I-c, II-d, III-		B) D)		I-d, III-a, IV- I-a, III-b, IV-		
16.	If K_f will b	of water is 1.8	36 K kg	mol ⁻¹ , the free	ezing poi	nt of a -0.2 m	olal CaC	l_2 solution
	A)	-1.116°C	B)	-0.372°C	C)	-0.744°C	D)	-0.186°C

- 17. Identify the wrong statement among the following:
 - A) The maximum number of phases that can coexist at equilibrium in a one-component system is three.
 - B) In a two-component simple eutectic system, the number of phases at equilibrium in the eutectic point is two
 - C) The entropy of the universe is increasing

D) For an ideal gas,
$$\left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial V}\right)_T = 0$$

- 18. Which of the following is a fermion?
 - A) Neutron B) Deutron C) Alpha particle D) Photon
- 19. A reaction $A \rightarrow$ Products is second order. Its half life will be-----.
 - A) proportional to concentration
 - B) independent of concentration
 - C) inversely proportional to concentration
 - D) inversely proportional to square of concentration.
- 20. Identify the **incorrect** statement from the following:
 - A) According to Lindemann mechanism, a unimolecular reaction is first order at high pressure.
 - B) The kinetic law of H_2 - I_2 reaction is much more complicated than H_2 - Br_2 reaction.
 - C) There are three explosion limits in the H_2 - O_2 reaction
 - D) Reactions of order greater than three are uncommon.
- 21. Fast reactions cannot be studied using-----.
 - A) flash photolysis B) flow technique
 - C) relaxation method D) colorimetric method
- 22. The ionic strength of an aqueous solution of a mixture containing 0.2 M NaCl and 0.1M MgCl₂ is:
 - A) 0.5 B) 0.45 C) 0.4 D) 0.3
- 23. A substance which can be used as electrolyte in the hydrogen-oxygen fuel cell is
 - A) zinc sulphate solution B) potassium hydroxide solution
 - C) potassium chloride solution D) pure water
- 24. From the following identify the statements which are valid for chemisorption:
 - I. It is associated with a high enthalpy of adsorption
 - II. It forms multilayer adsorption
 - III. There is chemical interaction between the adsorbent and the adsorbate
 - IV. The extent of adsorption increases with increasing temperature.
 - A) I, II, III B) I, III, IV C) II, III, IV D) I, II, IV

25. According to the BET adsorption isotherm, for gas adsorption, a straight line is obtained when (P is equilibrium pressure, P^0 is saturated vapour pressure, V is specific adsorption)

A)
$$\frac{P}{V(P^0 - P)}$$
 is plotted against $\frac{P}{P^o}$

B)
$$\frac{P}{V}$$
 is plotted against $\frac{1}{P^o}$

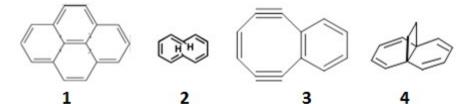
C)
$$\frac{P}{(P^0 - P)}$$
 is plotted against $\frac{P}{P^o}$
D) $\frac{P}{P^o}$ is plotted against V

26. Match List I which contains some substances with List II which contains the type of colloids each of the substances can form with water under appropriate conditions.

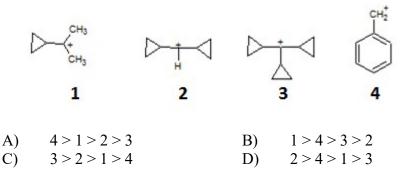
	condust cach of the substances can form with water under appropriate conditions.								
	<u>List I</u>			List I	_				
	I.	Starch		a)	Emuls				
	II.	Gold		b)	Micel	le			
	III.	Sodium stear	ate	c)	Lyopł	nobic co	olloid		
	IV.	Coconut oil		d)	Lyopł	nilic col	loid		
	A) C)	I-d, II-c, III-b I-d, II-a, III-b	-		B) D)	-	-d, III-b, IV-a -d, III-a, IV-b		
27.	Whiel	h of the followi	ng halid	les cryst	tallises	from its	s aqueous solu	tion as h	vdrate?
21.	A)	LiCl	B)	KCl	umses	C)	NaCl	D)	CsCl
28.		somers [Co(N a solution of:	H ₃) ₅ Br]	SO ₄ and	l [Co(N	NH ₃) ₅ SC	D ₄]Br can be	distingu	ished by treating
	A)	BaCl ₂	B)	NaOH	[C)	NH4OH	D)	Na ₂ CO ₃
29.	In pyı	ophosphoric ac	id, the	number	of hydr	oxyl gr	oups present a	ire:	
	A)	3	B)	5		C)	4	D)	2
30.	Arran A) C)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{ge NO}_2, \text{NO}_2^- \text{a} \\ \text{NO}_2^+ > \text{NO}_2^- \\ \text{NO}_2^- > \text{NO}_2^- \end{array}$	$> NO_2$	$\frac{1}{2}^+$ in the	B)	NO_2^+	er of bond ang $> NO_2 > NO_2$ $> NO_2^+ > NO_2^+$	-	
31.	The s _] A)	pin only magne $\sqrt{15}$	etic mon B)	nent of I $\sqrt{8}$	Hg{Co((SCN) ₄ } C)	is: $\sqrt{3}$	D)	√24
32.	Half - A) C)	-wave potential Polarimetry Conductomet	_	rameter	associa B) D)	Poten	n: tiometry ography		
33.	Calcin A)	um ion can be e Sulphate	estimate B)	d gravir Chlori		ly by pı C)	recipitating it a Oxalate	as: D)	Carbonate

34.	The $d_{x^2-y^2}$ orbital is not occupied by electrons in the complex ion: A) $[PdCl_4]^{2^2}$ B) $[NiCl_4]^{2^2}$ C) $[CdCl_4]^{2^2}$ D) $[CuCl_4]^{2^2}$
35.	 Nephelauxetic effect is related to: A) Abnormal magnetic properties B) Jahn- Teller distortion C) Covalent interaction between metal ion and ligand D) Splitting of d – orbital in a ligand field
36.	The metal present in Wilkinson's catalyst is A) Rhenium B) Ruthenium C) Iridium D) Rhodium
37.	Match the molecules in list I with the hybridisation in list IIList IList IIa) SF_4 i. sp^3 b) XeF_4 ii. sp^3d c) PCl_3 iii. sp^3d^2 d) BeH_2 iv sp
	A) $a - iv, b - i, c - ii, d - iii$ B) $a - ii, b - iv, c - i, d - iii$ C) $a - ii, b - iii, c - i, d - iv$ D $a - iii, b - iv, c - ii, d - i$
38.	In the compound $[W(Cp)_2 (CO)_2]$ the hapticity of two Cp groups are: A) 5,5 B) 5,3 C) 3,3 D) 5,1
39.	Eosin is used as an indicator in:A)DichrometryB)ArgentometryC)CerimetryD)Complexometry
40.	Normality of a solution prepared by mixing 10ml of 0.1N hydrochloric acid, 40ml of0.2 N nitric acid and 50 ml of 0.5 N sulphuric acid will be:A)0.4B)0.8C)0.17D)0.34
41.	Nephelometry and turbidimetry involve:A) absorption of lightB)C) Optical density measurement D)Viscosity measurements
42.	Instability constants of complexes can be determined by:A)PotentiometryB)CoulometryC)Thermometric titrationD)Calorimetric DTA
43.	A solution of Mg^{2+} is titrated against a standard solution of disodium hydrogen phosphate containing radioactive ³² P and the radioactivity of precipitate formed is measured at regular intervals. Nature of the titration curve is such that:
	 A) radioactivity increases regularly and becomes constant after the end point. B) radioactivity decreased regularly and becomes constant after the end point C) radioactivity remains constant and increases after the end point D) radioactivity remains constant and decreases after the end point.

- 44. The percentage of constituent x in a compound was found to be 48.32, 48.36 and 48.22. Mean deviation would be
 - A) 0.053 B) 0.53 C) 5.3 D) 0.0053
- 45. The thermo analytical technique which records the energy needed to establish a zero temperature difference between a test sample and reference material is.
 - A) Thermo gravimetry
 - B) Differential thermal analysis
 - C) Derivative thermo gravimetry
 - D) Differential scanning calorimetry
- 46. Choose the correct order of –I effect of NO₂, F,OH and Ar groups.
 - A) $F > NO_2 > Ar > OH$ B) $NO_2 > F > Ar > OH$
 - C) $F > OH > NO_2 > Ar$ D) $NO_2 > F > OH > Ar$
- 47. The number of uncharged canonical forms possible for anthracene and phenanthrene are respectively:
 - A) 3 &4 B) 4 each C) 4 &5 D) 5 each
- 48. Identify the compound(s) that is(are) aromatic

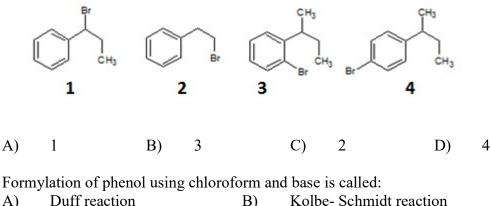


- A) 1 is aromatic, 2, 3 & 4 are non-aromatic
- B) 3 & 4 are aromatic, 1 & 2 are non-aromatic
- C) 1 & 2 are aromatic, 3 & 4 are non aromatic
- D) 2 & 3 are aromatic, 1 & 4 are non-aromatic
- 49. Arrange the following carbocations in the order of their stabilities:



- 50. Dehydrohalogenation of meso 2,3-dibromobutane using base gives:
 - A) Trans alkene
 - B) Cis alkene
 - C) Mixture of cis and trans in equal amounts
 - D) Mixture of cis and trans in unequal amounts

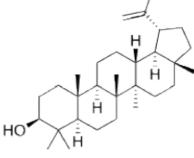
- 51. The correct order of Lewis acidic strength of boron halides is
 - $BI_3 > BBr_3 > BCl_3 > BF_3$ A)
 - B) $BF_3 > BCl_3 > BBr_3 > BI_3$
 - $BI_3 < BCl_3 < BBr_3 < BF_3$ C)
 - D) $BBr_3 > BF_3 > BCl_3 > BI_3$
- 52. The major product resulting from the addition of HI to3, 3-Dimethyl-1-butene is:
 - 3-Iodo-2, 2-dimethylbutane A)
 - 2-Iodo-2, 3-dimethylbutane B)
 - 1-Iodo-3, 3-dimethylbutane C)
 - D) 1-Iodo-2, 3-dimethylbutane
- 53. Gilman reagent is:
 - OsO₄ in THF Lithium dialkylcopper A) B)
 - Alkyl titanium halides Alkyl palladium salts C) D)
- 54. Identify the reagent that can convert methane to ethane in one step.
 - Methyllithium Methylmagnesium bromide A) B)
 - Diazomethane D) NBS C)
- Identify the product of bromination of ethyl benzene with N-bromosuccinimide. 55.



- 56.
 - B) Kolbe- Schmidt reaction A)
 - D) C) Gatterman-Koch reaction **Reimer Tiemann reaction**
- 57. What is the major product in the condensation between 3- pentanone and acetone?
 - A) CH₃CH₂CHOHCH₂CH₂COCH₃
 - B) CH₃CH₂COCH(CH₃)C(OH)(CH₃)₂
 - C) CH₃CH₂CH₂COCH₂CH(OH)(CH₃)₂
 - $CH_3CH_2COC(CH_3)=C(CH_3)_2$ D)

58. Which is the compound having the name (Z) -1 –bromo-1-2 –dichloroethane? Choose the correct answer:

	the co	ficer answer.							_
		Br Cl		CI	н /	CI	CI	CI	Br
		НСІ		cı/	Br	н	Br	Н	CI
		1		2			3	4	
	A) C)	2 & 3 represe 3 & 4 represe		-		B) D)			epresentation he compound
59.	1. 3.	sh type 1 proce Lower aldehy Dimer n of these is/are	/de and	ketone	xanone 2. 4.	Cyclo	in a: pentane urated alde	ehyde	
	A)	1 & 2	B)	3 alon	e	C)	2 & 4	D)	1alone
60.	Penici A) C)	illin is a: Glycosidic ar ß-lactum anti		;	B) D)		olide antibi eptide anti		
61.		se the option th in List II	at gives	s the cor	rect ma	atch of th	he drugs in	List I with	their
	action	List I			List I	Π			
	a)	Tollumide		1.		otropic			
	b)	Digitoxin		2.		diabetic			
	c)	Amphetamin	e	3.		o stimu			
	d)	Pethidine	-	4.	Analg				
	A)	a-3, b-1, c-4,			B)	a-1, b	-3, c-2, d-4	ŀ	
	C)	a-2, b-3, c-1,	d-4		D)	a-4, b	-1, c-3, d-2	2	
62.		is a natural pro		sed for tl		tment of			
	A)	Diabetes mel	litus		B)	Cance			
	C)	Tuberculosis			D)	Нуре	rtension		
63.	The n	atural product 1	represer	nted belo	ow is:				
						/			



A)	Diterpenoid	B)	Steroid	C)	Triterpenoid	D)	Lipid
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- Self-ionization of BrF₃ gives $[BrF_2]^+$ and $[BrF_4]^-$. Which list of species and molecular 64. shape is correct?
 - BrF_3 , T-shaped; $[BrF_2]^+$, linear; $[BrF_4]^-$, tetrahedral A)
 - BrF_3 , trigonal planar; $[BrF_2]^+$, linear; $[BrF_4]^-$, square planar B)
 - BrF₃, T-shaped; [BrF₂]⁺, non-linear; [BrF₄]⁻, square planar C)
 - BrF_3 , trigonal pyramidal; $[BrF_2]^+$, non-linear; $[BrF_4]^-$, square planar D)
- In the solid-state structure of spinel, MgAl₂O₄: 65.
 - A)
 - B)
 - C)
 - The Mg^{2+} ions are in tetrahedral sites surrounded by O^{2-} ions The Al^{3+} ions are in tetrahedral sites surrounded by O^{2-} ions The Mg^{2+} ions are in octahedral sites surrounded by O^{2-} ions Both the Mg^{2+} and Al^{3+} ions are in octahedral sites surrounded by O^{2-} ions D)
- Which of the following represents the structure of Cp_4 Ti (where Cp = cyclopentadienyl 66. anion)?
 - All Cp rings are penta hapto A)
 - B) Two Cp rings are mono hapto and other two are penta hapto
 - C) Two Cp rings are *di hapto* and other two are *penta hapto*
 - All Cp rings are di hapto D)
- 67. The reaction: $Mn(CO)_5Me + CO \rightarrow Mn(CO)_5(COMe)$ is an example of:
 - Ligand addition β-elimination A) B)
 - C) Oxidative addition D) Alkyl migration
- 68. A dilute solution of sodium metal in liquid ammonia is blue in colour due to the presence of
 - Hydrated and ammoniated Na⁺ ions A)
 - Ammoniated Na⁺ ion B)
 - C) Hydrated and ammoniated electrons
 - Ammoniated electrons D)

69. The number of terminal and bridging carbonyl groups in $Fe_2(CO)_9$ are respectively: 8 and 1 6 and 3 9 and 0 A) B) C) 7 and 2 D)

70. The reaction shown below represents the Wacker process:

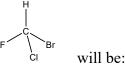
$$H_2C = CH_2 + 1/2 O_2 \xrightarrow{[PdCl_4]^{2-}} CH_3CHO$$

What is the role of Cu(II) in this reaction?

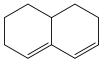
- It reduces Pd(II) to Pd A) It act as the catalyst B) It act as the catalytic poison D) It oxidizes Pd to Pd(II) C)
- 71. The metal-metal bond order of in [Re₂Cl₄(PMe₂Ph)₄] is: A) 4 B) 3.5 C) 3 D) 2.5

72.	In me	et-hemoglobin, iron is present	as:	
	A)	Fe((II) in low spin state	B)	Fe(II) in high spin state
	C)	Fe(II) in both spin states	D)	Fe(III)

- 73. The complexes $[PdCl_4]^{2-}$ and $[NiCl_4]^{2-}$ are:
 - A) [PdCl₄]^{2⁻} is tetrahedral and paramagnetic; [NiCl₄]^{2⁻} is square planar and diamagnetic
 - B) [PdCl₄]²⁻ is square planar and diamagnetic; [NiCl₄]²⁻ is tetrahedral and paramagnetic
 - C) [PdCl₄]²⁻ is square planar and paramagnetic; [NiCl₄]²⁻ is square planar and diamagnetic
 - D) [PdCl₄]²⁻ is tetrahedral and paramagnetic; [NiCl₄]²⁻ is tetrahedral and paramagnetic
- 74. Jahn -Teller distortion is *not* observed in A) $[Fe(CN)_6]^{3-}$ B) $[Mn(H_2O)_6]^{2+}$ C) $[CoF_6]^{4-}$ D) $[Co(CN)_6]^{4-}$ 75. Which among the following exhibit *nido* structures?
- Which among the following exhibit *nido* structures?
 I. C₂B₉H₁₃ II. C₂B₇H₁₃ III. C₄B₂H₆ IV. C₂B₁₀H₁₂
 A) I and II B) II and III C) II and IV D) I and III
- 76. The ground state term symbol for Ni(II) ion is A) ${}^{3}F_{2}$ B) ${}^{3}D_{2}$ C) ${}^{4}D_{3/2}$ D) ${}^{3}F_{4}$
- 77. According to the Huckel Molecular Orbital (HMO) theory, the delocalization energy of 1,3-butadiene will be:
 A) 0.828 β B) Zero C) 2 β D) 0.472 β
- 78. The number of irreducible representations will be equal to
 - A) Order of the group B) Order of the class
 - C) Number of the classes D) Sum of dimensions
- 79. The point group of the molecule



- A) C_{2v} B) C_i C) C_s D) C_1
- 80. According to the Woodward –Fieser rules, the value of λ_{max} the following molecule will be:



- A) 234 nm B) 229 nm C) 272 nm D) 267 nm
- 81. The formula of basic beryllium nitrate is: A) $[Be_4O(NO_3)_4]$ B) $[Be_4O(NO_3)_4]$
 - A) $[Be_4O(NO_3)_4]$ B) $[Be_4O_2(NO_3)_4]$ C) $[Be_4O(NO_3)_6]$ D) $[Be_4O_3(NO_3)_3]$

- 82. The absorbance of a homogeneous solution having 20% transmittance will be nearly equal to:
 - A) 0.7 B) 0.3 C) 1.3 D) 0.8
- 83. In data analysis, variance denotes:
 - A) Square root of standard deviation
 - B) Square of standard deviation
 - C) Standard deviation divided with mean deviation
 - D) Percentage of standard deviation divided with mean deviation
- 84. The Wien effect refers to:
 - A) Increase in conductance with applied potential gradient
 - B) Decrease in conductance with applied potential gradient
 - C) Increase in conductance when the applied voltage has very high frequency
 - D) Decrease in conductance when the applied voltage has very high frequency
- 85. The real gases approach ideal behaviour at:
 - A) Low temperature and low pressure
 - B) High temperature and low pressure
 - C) High temperature and high pressure
 - D) Critical temperature
- 86. The ratio between the root mean square (RMS)velocity of H_2 at 50K and that of O_2 at 800K is:
 - A) 2 B) 1 C) ¹/₄ D) 1/2

87. The relation between equilibrium constant K_1 for the reaction, $\begin{array}{c} CO + \frac{1}{2}O_2 & \textcircled{CO}_2 \text{ and } K_2 \text{ for the reaction } 2CO + O_2 & \textcircled{CO}_2 \text{ is} \\ (g) & (g) &$

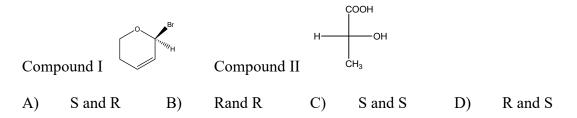
- A) $2K_1 = K_2$ B) $K_1 = K_2^2$ C) $K_1 = K_2$ D) $K_1^2 = K_2$
- 88. Two acids HA and HB have the dissociation constants 1×10^{-3} and 1×10^{-5} respectively in water. How much HA is stronger than HB?
 - A) 10 times B) 100 times C) 1/10 times D) $\sqrt{10}$ times
- 89. The osmotic pressure method is used to determine -----.
 - A) Weight-average molecular weight
 - B) Sedimentation-average molecular weight
 - C) Number-average molecular weight
 - D) Viscosity-average molecular weight

90. One mole of an ideal gas is compressed reversibly from 100 liters to 10 liters at a: constant temperature of 27° C. The Δ S of the system will be equal to:

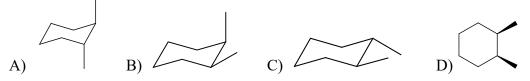
- A) 300 R ln (10/100) B) 300 R ln (100/10)
- C) $R \ln (100/10)$ D) $R \ln (10/100)$

91. The relationship between $t_{1/2}$ and initial concentration of an 'n'th order reaction is: A) $t_{1/2} \alpha a^n$ B) $t_{1/2} \alpha 1/a^n$ C) $t_{1/2} \alpha 1/a^{n-1}$ D) $t_{1/2} \alpha 1/a^{1-n}$

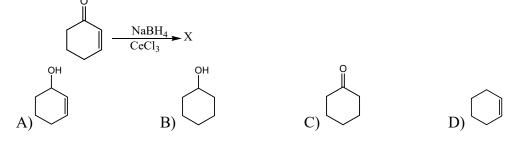
- 92. Identify the *incorrect* statement regarding photoelectron spectroscopy (PES):
 - A) The PES is based on photoelectric effect
 - B) In XPES, the valence electrons are ejected
 - C) In UV-PES valence shell electrons are ejected
 - D) In XPES, the core electrons are ejected
- 93. The Mossbauer spectrum of $K_4[Fe(CN)_6]$ consists of:
 - A) One line without quadrupole splitting
 - B) Two lines with quadrupole splitting
 - C) Three lines with quadrupole splitting
 - D) Two lines with effect of isomer shift
- 94.The number of radial nodes in 3s and 3p orbital will be respectivelyA)2 and 0B)1 and 2C)0 and 1D)2 and 1
- 95. The absolute configurations of the following chiral compounds I and II are respectively:



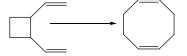
96. The more stable conformation of *1*, *2- dimethyl cyclohexane* in the *cis* form will be:



97. The major product 'X' in the following reaction is:



98. The concerted rearrangement shown below is:



- A) [1,3] signatropic rearrangement
- B) [2,3] signatropic rearrangement
- C) [2,2] sigmatropic rearrangement
- D) [3,3] signatropic rearrangement

- 99. The alkaloid nicotine is a derivative of which heterocyclic compound? Pyridine Quinoline Piperidine A) B) C) D) Indole 100. The products A,B and C in the following reaction are respectively NH₂-OH PCl₅ Polymerise в - C A) Oxime, caprolactum and nylon-66 Oxime, nitrile and poly nitrile B) C) Oxime, caprolactum and nylon-6 Oxime, nitrile and PAN D) 101. Semi-synthetic modification of which compound of the following compound yields Amoxicillin, a broad spectrum antibiotic? A) Tetracycline B) Penicillin C) Streptomycin D) Chloromycetin 102. The structure of the drug acetaminophen is: -NHCOCH₃ -NHCOCH₃ ΗΟ HO-A) B) C) D) 103. Smog is combination of smoke and fog. The sulphurous smog is also known under the name: London smog A) Photochemical smog B) Los Angeles smog Oxidizing smog C) D) 104. Which one the following is *not* an example of globular protein? Collagen Insulin A) B) Myoglobin D) Pancreatic α -amylase C) 105. Which statement about the structure of DNA is *incorrect*? During cell replication, the double helix of DNA unwinds and templates the A) formation of new strands B) Strands composed of nucleobases are associated by hydrogen-bonded base pairs The double strands form a helical assembly, with a left-handed twist C) D) Phosphate groups are present on the outside of the double helix 106. Identify the **incorrect** statement among the following: Polarography is a kind of voltammetry A) A polarogram is a plot of current against applied voltage B) C) The higher flat region appear in the polarogram is called polarographic maxima D) The polarographic maxima can be suppressed by surfactants like Triton X-100 107.
 - 107. The tranquilizer, which is **not** the derivative of barbituric acid isA) Veronal B) Luminal C) Equanil D) Seconal

108. Which one of the following is not a green solvent?

A)	Supercritical CO ₂	B)	Liquified NH ₃
C)	Water	D)	Ionic liquids

- Water D) Ionic liquids
- 109. In differential thermal analysis (DTA) curve:
 - ΔT is plotted against T dW/dT is plotted against T A) B)
 - C) dH/dT is plotted against T D) Mass is plotted against T

Quantum dots are nanomaterials with: 110.

- A) 3D confinement B) 2D confinement
- C) 1D confinement D) 0D confinement
- 111. Which one of the following method is *not* a 'bottom up' approach to the synthesis of nanomaterials?
 - Sol-gel synthesis A)
 - B) Co-precipitation method
 - Chemical Vapour deposition C)
 - Electron beam lithography D)
- 112. Which of the following is *incorrect* with respect to AAS?
 - It is based on the absorbance by ground state atoms present in solution A)
 - It is based on the absorbance by ground state atoms present in gaseous state B)
 - The resonance line source is hollow cathode lamp C)
 - The absorbance is in accordance with Beer-Lambert's law D)
- 113. Pick out the one which is not a chain- growth polymer:
 - Polyethene Terylene Orlon D) Teflon A) B) C)
- 114. The term 'dead time' in chromatography refers to:
 - The time required to flush one column of eluent through the column A)
 - The time required for the complete separation of all components B)
 - C) The time required for the complete separation of one selected component
 - The time between the separation of two components during elution D)
- The colour of the gold nanoparticles is mainly related to: 115.
 - Size dependent surface plasmon resonance A)
 - Size independent surface plasmon resonance B)
 - Size independent scattering of light by the nanoparticles C)
 - D) Mie scattering
- 116. The compound β – carotene can be considered as precursor of which vitamin?
 - Vitamin $-B_{12}$ B) D) A) Vitamin –A C) Vitamin –D Vitamin –K
- Negative soil pollution is: 117.
 - Reduction in soil productivity due to erosion and over use A)
 - Reduction in soil productivity due to addition of pesticides and other industrial B) waste
 - C) Increase in soil toxicity
 - Decrease in soil fertility D)

- 118. According to the HSAB principle, S^{2-} ion and K^{+} ions are respectively
 - A) Hard base, hard acid
- B) Soft base, soft acid
 - C) Hard base, soft acid D) Soft base, hard acid
- 119. Occlusion and inclusion are associated with which of the following in gravimetric analysis?
 - A) Post-precipitation B) Co- precipitation
 - C) Drying of the precipitate D) Solubility of precipitation

120. Which one of the following is *not* a metallochromic indicator?

- A) Patton and Reeder's indicator
- B) Murexide indicator
- C) Solochrome black T indicator
- D) Karl Fischer indicator